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To require the Federal Trade Commission to promulgate regulations related to sensitive personal information, and for other purposes.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.

This Act may be cited as the “Information Transparency & Personal Data Control Act”.

SEC. 2. SENSE OF CONGRESS.

It is the Sense of Congress that—

- (1) the United States must develop a balanced, high-standard digital privacy framework that complements global standards;
- (2) a key element of this framework is a strong national standard that combats anti-consumer practices;
- (3) it is critical that the Federal Government provide guidance on the collection, processing, disclosure, transmission and storage of sensitive data;
- (4) it is important to provide the Nation with fair and thoughtful digital consumer rights with respect to such data;
- (5) it is important to ensure that enforcement authorities have the resources needed to protect consumers from unlawful and deceptive acts of practices in the data privacy and security space; and
- (6) individuals have a right to—
 - (A) exercise control over the personal data companies collect from them and how they use it;
 - (B) easily understandable and accessible information about privacy and security practices;
 - (C) expect that companies will collect, use, and disclose personal data in ways that are consistent

- 1 with the context in which consumers provide the
2 data;
3
4 (D) secure and responsible handling of sensitive
5 personal information;
6
7 (E) access and correct persona data in usable
8 formats, in a manner that is appropriate to
9 sensitivity of the data and the risk of adverse
10 consequences to consumers if the data is inaccurate;
11 and
12
13 (F) reasonable limits on the personal data that
14 companies collect and retain.

15
16 **SEC. 3. REQUIREMENTS FOR SENSITIVE PERSONAL INFORMATION.**
17

18 (a) REGULATIONS.—Not later than 18 months after the date of
19 enactment of this Act, the Federal Trade Commission shall
20 promulgate regulations under section 553 of title 5, United States
21 Code, to require, except as provided in subsection (b), controllers,
22 processors, and third parties to make available to the public
23 involving the collection, transmission, storage, processing, sale,
24 sharing of sensitive personal information, or other use of sensitive
25 personal information from persons operating in or persons located
26 in the United States when the sensitive personal information is
27 collected, transmitted, stored, processed, sold or shared to meet the
28 following requirements:
29

30 (1) AFFIRMATIVE, EXPRESS, AND OPT-IN CONSENT.—
31

32 (A) Any controller shall provide users whose
33 personal information is collected, transmitted, stored,
34 process, sold, or otherwise shared with notice through a
35 privacy and data use policy of a specific request to collect,
36 transmit, sell, share or otherwise disclose their sensitive
37 personal information and require that users provide
38 affirmative, express consent to any functionality that
39 involves the collection, sale, sharing, or other disclosure of
40 sensitive personal information, including sharing sensitive
41 personal information with third parties, if the sensitive
42 personal information is to be used by the third party for
43 purposes other than the purposes outlined in the notice.
44

45 (B) The documented instruction from a controller to
46 a processor or third party shall adhere to the limits of the
47 consent granted in subparagraph (A), and processors and

1 third parties shall not use or disclose the sensitive personal
2 information for any other purposes or in any way that
3 exceeds the limits of the consent granted in subparagraph
4 (A).

5
6
7 (D) Controllers and processors shall not be liable
8 for the failure of another processor or third party to adhere
9 to the limits of an opt-in consent granted under
10 subparagraph (A).

11
12 (2) PRIVACY AND DATA USE POLICY.—Controllers,
13 processors, and third
14 parties shall publicly maintain an up-to-date, transparent privacy,
15 security, and data use policy that meets general requirements,
16 including that such policy, presented in the context where it
17 applies—

18
19 (A) is concise, intelligible, and uses plain language;

20
21 (B) is clear and conspicuous consistent with the
22 guidelines of the Federal Trade Commission;

23
24 (C) uses visualizations, where appropriate to make
25 complex information understandable by the ordinary user;
26 and

27
28 (D) is provided free of charge.

29
30 (3) ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR PRIVACY AND DATA
31 USE POLICY.—The privacy, security, and data use policy required
32 under paragraph (2) shall include the following:

33
34 (A) Identity and contact information of the entity
35 collecting or processing the sensitive personal information.

36
37 (B) The purpose or use for collecting, storing,
38 processing, selling, sharing, or otherwise using the sensitive
39 personal information.

40
41 (C) Categories of third parties with whom the
42 sensitive personal information will be shared and for what
43 general purposes.

44
45 (D) The process by which individuals may
46 withdraw consent to the collecting, storing, processing,

1 selling, sharing, or other use of the sensitive personal
2 information, including sharing with third parties.

3

4 (E) How a user, controller, or processor can view or
5 obtain the sensitive personal information that they have
6 received or provided to a controller or processor, including
7 whether it can be exported to other web-based platforms.

8

9 (F) The categories of sensitive personal information
10 that is collected by the controller or processor and shared
11 with processors or third parties.

12

13 (G) How sensitive personal information is protected
14 from unauthorized access or acquisition.

15

16 (4) OPT-OUT CONSENT.—

17

18 (A) For any collection, transmission, storage,
19 processing, selling, sharing, or other use of non-sensitive
20 personal information, including sharing with third parties,
21 controllers shall provide users with the ability to opt out at
22 any time.

23

24 (B) Controllers shall honor an opt out request from
25 a user under subparagraph (A) to the extent of its role in
26 any collection, transmission, storage, processing, selling,
27 sharing, or other use of non-sensitive personal information
28 and shall communicate an opt-out request to the relevant
29 processor or third party with which the controller has
30 shared information regarding that user.

31

32 (C) Processors or third parties receiving an opt out
33 pursuant to subparagraph (A) and (B) shall comply with
34 such opt out to the extent of their role in any collection,
35 transmission, storage, processing, selling, sharing, or other
36 use of non-sensitive personal information.

37

38 (D) Any controller that communicates an opt out
39 from a user as required by subparagraph (B) shall not be
40 liable for the failure of a service provider or third party to
41 comply with such opt out.

42

43 (5) Relationship Between Controller and Processor

44

45 (A) Processing by a processor must be governed
46 by a contract between the controller and the

- 1 processor that is binding on both parties and
2 that sets the processor to processes the
3 personal data only on documented
4 instructions from the controller.
- 5 (B) Processors shall share sensitive personal
6 information with a subcontractor only for
7 purposes of providing services and only
8 after first providing the controller with an
9 opportunity to object.
- 10
11 (C) In no event may any contract or documented
12 instructions relieve a controller or a
13 processor from the obligations and liabilities
14 imposed on them by this Act.
- 15
16 (6) PRIVACY AUDITS.—
17
- 18 (A) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in
19 subparagraphs (C) and (D), at least once every 2 years,
20 each controller, processor, or third party that has collected,
21 transmitted, stored, processed, selling, shared, or otherwise
22 used sensitive personal information shall—
23
- 24 (i) obtain a privacy audit from a qualified,
25 objective, independent third party; and
26
- 27 (ii) shall make publicly available whether or
28 not the privacy audit found the controller,
29 processor, or third party compliant.
- 30
31 (B) AUDIT REQUIREMENTS.—Each such audit
32 shall—
33
- 34 (i) set forth the privacy, security, and data
35 use controls that the controller, processor, or
36 third party has implemented and maintained
37 during the reporting period;
38
- 39 (ii) describe whether such controls are
40 appropriate to the size and complexity of the
41 controller, processor, or third party, the
42 nature and scope of the activities of the
43 controller, processor, or third party, and the
44 nature of the sensitive personal information
45 or behavioral data collected by the
46 controller, processor, or third party;
47

1 (iii) certify whether the privacy and security
2 controls operate with sufficient effectiveness
3 to provide reasonable assurance to protect
4 the privacy and security of sensitive
5 personal information or behavioral data,
6 including with respect to data shared with
7 third parties, and that the controls have so
8 operated throughout the reporting period;

9
10 (iv) be prepared and completed within 60
11 days after a substantial change to the
12 controller's privacy and data use policy
13 described in paragraph (2); and

14
15 (v) be provided—

16
17 (I) to the Federal Trade Commission;
18 and

19
20 (II) to any attorney general of a
21 State, or other authorized State
22 officer, within 10 days of receiving
23 written request by the such attorney
24 general, or other authorized State
25 officer where such officer has
26 presented to the controller,
27 processor, or third party allegations
28 that a violation of his Act or any
29 regulation issued under this Act has
30 been committed by the controller,
31 processor, or third party.

32
33 (C) SMALL BUSINESS AUDIT EXEMPTION.—The
34 audit requirements described in this paragraph shall not
35 apply to controllers who collect, store, process, sell, share,
36 or otherwise use sensitive personal information relating to
37 250,000 or fewer individuals per year.

38
39 (D) NON-SENSITIVE PERSONAL INFORMATION
40 EXEMPTION.—The audit requirements set forth above shall
41 not apply to controllers, processors or third parties who do
42 not collect, store, process, sell, share, or otherwise use
43 sensitive personal information.

44
45 (E) RULES THAT DO NOT INCENTIVIZE SELLING
46 INFORMATION.—The Commission shall promulgate rules

1 regarding qualifications and requirements of third-party
2 auditors such as a duty to conduct an independent
3 assessment that does not incentivize the auditor to sell
4 under the guise of a potential violation by the controller
5 products or services when there is not a violation of the
6 Act.

7
8 (b) EXEMPTIONS.—
9

10 (1) NECESSARY OPERATIONS AND SECURITY PURPOSES.—

11 Subsection (a) shall not apply to the processing, transmission,
12 collecting, storing, sharing, selling of sensitive and non-sensitive
13 personal information for the following purposes:
14

15 (A) Preventing or detecting fraud, identity theft,
16 unauthorized transactions, theft, shoplifting, or criminal
17 activity including financial crimes and money laundering.
18

19 (B) The use of such information to identify errors
20 that impair functionality or otherwise enhancing or
21 maintaining the availability of the services or information
22 systems of the controller for authorized access and use.
23

24 (C) Protecting the vital interests of the consumer or
25 another natural person.
26

27 (D) Responding in good faith to valid legal process
28 or providing information as otherwise required or
29 authorized by law.
30

31 (E) Monitoring or enforcing agreements between
32 the Controller, processor, or third party and an individual,
33 including but not limited to, terms of service, terms of use,
34 user agreements, or agreements concerning monitoring
35 criminal activity.
36

37 (F) Protecting the property, services, or information
38 systems of the controller, processor, or third party against
39 unauthorized access or use.
40

41 (G) Advancing a substantial public interest,
42 including archival purposes, scientific or historical
43 research, and public health, if such processing does not
44 create a significant risk of harm to consumers.
45

1 (H) Uses authorized by the Fair Credit Reporting
2 Act or used by a commercial credit reporting agency.

3
4 (I) Completing the transaction for which the
5 personal information was collected, provide a good or
6 service requested by the consumer that is reasonably
7 anticipated within the context of a business' ongoing
8 relationship with the consumer, bill or collect for such good
9 or service or otherwise perform a contract between the
10 controller and a consumer.

11
12 (J) Complying with other Federal, State, and local
13 law.

14
15 (K) Conducting product recalls and servicing
16 warranties.

17
18 (2) REASONABLE EXPECTATION OF USERS.— The
19 regulations promulgated pursuant to subsection (a) with respect to
20 the requirement to provide opt-in consent shall not apply to the
21 processing, transmission, storage, selling, sharing, or collection of
22 sensitive personal information in which such processing does not
23 deviate from purposes consistent with a controller's relationship
24 with users as understood by the reasonable use, including but not
25 limited to—

26
27 (A) carrying out the term of a contract or service
28 agreement, including elements of a customer loyalty
29 program, with a user;

30
31 (B) accepting and processing a payment from a
32 user;

33
34 (C) completing a transaction with a user such as
35 through delivering a good or service even if such delivery
36 is made by a processor or third party;

37
38 (D) marking goods or services to a user as long as
39 the user is provided with the ability to opt out of such
40 marketing;

41
42 (E) taking steps to continue or extend an existing
43 business relationship with a user, or inviting a new user to
44 participate in a customer promotion, benefit or loyalty
45 program, as long as the user is provided with the ability to
46 opt out;

1
2 (F) conduct internal research to improve, repair, or
3 develop products, services, or technology; or

4
5 (G) municipal governments.

6
7 **SEC. 4. APPLICATION AND ENFORCEMENT BY THE FEDERAL TRADE**
8 **COMMISSION.**

9
10 (a) COMMON CARRIERS.—Notwithstanding the limitations in the
11 Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 15 41 et seq.) on
12 Commission authority with respect to common carriers, this Act
13 applies, according to its terms, to common carriers subject to the
14 Communications Act of (47 U.S.C. 151 et seq.) and all Acts
15 amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto. The Federal Trade
16 Commission shall be the only Federal agency with authority to
17 enforce such common carriers' privacy practices.

18
19 (b) ENFORCEMENT.—

20
21 (1) UNFAIR OR DECEPTIVE ACTS OR PRACTICES.—A
22 violation of this Act or a regulation promulgated under this Act
23 shall be treated as a violation section 18(a)(1)(B) of the Federal
24 Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 57(a)(1)(B)) regarding unfair or
25 deceptive acts or practices.

26
27 (2) POWERS OF COMMISSION.—Except as provided in
28 subsection (a), the Federal Trade Commission shall enforce this
29 Act and the regulations promulgated under this Act in the same
30 manner, by the same means, and with the same jurisdiction,
31 powers, and duties as though all applicable terms and provisions of
32 the Federal Trade Commission Act (15 U.S.C. 41 et seq.) were
33 incorporated into and made a part of this Act. Any person who
34 violates this Act or a regulation promulgated under this Act shall
35 be subject to the penalties and entitled to the privileges and
36 immunities provided in the Federal Trade Com16
37 mission Act.

38
39 (c) CONSTRUCTION.—Nothing in this Act shall be construed to
40 limit the authority of the Federal Trade Commission under any
41 other provision of law.

42
43 (d) OPPORTUNITY TO COMPLY.—The Commission shall notify a
44 controller of alleged violations and provide them with 30 days to
45 cure a non-wilful violations of this Act before the Commission
46 shall commence and enforcement action.

47

1 **1 SEC. 5. ENFORCEMENT BY STATE ATTORNEYS GENERAL.**

2
3 (a) **RIGHT OF ACTION.**—Except as provided in subsection (e), the
4 attorney general of a State, alleging a violation of this Act or any
5 regulation issued under this Act that affects or may affect such
6 State or its residents may bring an action on behalf of the residents
7 of the State in any United States district court for the district in
8 which the defendant is found, resides, or transacts business, or
9 wherever venue is proper under section 1391 of title 28, United
10 States Code, to obtain appropriate injunctive relief.

11
12 (b) **NOTICE TO COMMISSION REQUIRED.**—A State shall provide
13 prior written notice to the Federal Trade Commission of any civil
14 action under subsection (a) together with a copy of its complaint,
15 except that if it is not feasible for the State to provide such prior
16 notice, the State shall provide such notice immediately upon
17 instituting such action.

18
19 (c) **INTERVENTION BY THE COMMISSION.**—The Commission may
20 intervene in such civil action and upon intervening—

21
22 (1) be heard on all matters arising in such civil action; and

23
24 (2) file petitions for appeal of a decision in such civil
25 action.

26
27 (d) **CONSTRUCTION.**—Nothing in this section shall be construed—

28
29 (1) to prevent the attorney general of a State, or other
30 authorized State officer, from exercising the powers conferred on
31 the attorney general, or other authorized State officer, by the laws
32 of such State; or

33
34 (2) to prohibit the attorney general of a State, or other
35 authorized State officer, from proceeding in State or Federal court
36 on the basis of an alleged violation of any civil or criminal statute
37 of that State.

38
39 (e) **LIMITATION.**—

40
41 (1) **NO SEPARATE ACTION.**—An action may not be brought
42 under subsection (a) if the same alleged violation is the subject of a
43 pending action by the Commission or the United States.

44
45 (2) **EXCLUSIVE PERIOD TO ACT BY COMMISSION.**—An
46 action—

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(A) may not be brought under subsection (a) until the expiration of the 60-day period that begins on the date on which a violation is discovered by the Commission or the date on which the Commission is notified of the violation; and

(B) may only be brought under subsection (a) if the Commission does not bring an action related to the violation during such period.

(f) OPPORTUNITY TO COMPLY.—Prior to bringing any action under this section, the state attorney general shall notify a controller of alleged violations and provide them with 30 days to cure a non-wilful violations of this Act before commencing an enforcement action.

SEC. 6. PRIVACY AND DATA SECURITY EMPLOYEES AND FUNDING FOR THE COMMISSION.

(a) EMPLOYMENT AUTHORITY.—The Commission shall hire 500 new full-time employees to focus on privacy and data security, 50 of which shall have technology expertise.

(b) ADDITIONAL FUNDING FOR PRIVACY AND DATA SECURITY.— There is authorized to be appropriated to the Commission \$350,000,000 for issues related to privacy and data security.

SEC. 7. DEFINITIONS.

In this Act the following definitions apply:

(1) CALL DETAIL RECORD.—The term “call detail record” —

(A) means session-identifying information (including an originating or terminating telephone number, an International Mobile Subscriber Identity number, or an International Mobile Station Equipment Identity number), a telephone calling card number, or the time or duration of a call;

(B) does not include—

(i) the contents (as defined in section (8) of title 18, United States Code) of any communication;

- 1
2 (ii) the name, address, or financial
3 information of a subscriber or customer;
4
5 (iii) cell site location or global positioning
6 system information; or
7
8 (iv) business customers.
9
- 10 (2) CLEAR AND PROMINENT.—The term “clear and
11 prominent” means in any communication medium, the required
12 disclosure is—
13
14 (A) of a type, size, and location sufficiently
15 noticeable for an ordinary consumer to read and
16 comprehend the communication;
17
18 (B) provided in a manner such that an ordinary
19 consumer is able to read and comprehend the
20 communication;
21
22 (C) is presented in an understandable language and
23 syntax;
24
25 (D) includes nothing contrary to, inconsistent with,
26 or that mitigates any statement contained within the
27 disclosure or within any document linked to or
28 referenced therein; and
29
30 (E) includes an option that is compliant with
31 applicable obligations of the controller under title
32 III of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990
33 (42 U.S.C. 12181 et seq.).
34
- 35 (3) COLLECTION.— The term “collection” means buying,
36 renting, gathering, obtaining, receiving, or accessing any sensitive
37 data of an individual by any means.
38
- 39 (4) COMMISSION.—The term “Commission” means the
40 Federal Trade Commission.
41
- 42 (5) CONTROLLER.—The term “controller” means a person
43 that, on its own or jointly with other entities, determines the
44 purposes and means of processing sensitive personal information.
45
- 46 (6) DE-IDENTIFIED DATA.—The term “de-identified data”
means information held that—

- 1 (A) does not identify, and is not linked or
2 reasonably linkable to, and individual or device;
3
4 (B) does not contain a persistent identifier or other
5 information that could readily be used to de-identify
6 the individual to whom, or the device to which, the
7 identifier or information pertains;
8
9 (C) is subject to a public commitment by the entity;
10
11 (D) to refrain from attempting to use such
12 information to identify any individual or device;
13
14 (E) to adopt technical and organizational measures
15 to ensure that such information is not linked to any
16 individual or device; and
17
18 (F) is not disclosed by the covered entity to any
19 other party unless the disclosure is subject to a
20 contractually or other legally binding requirement.

21
22 (7) EMPLOYEE DATA.—The term “employee data”
23 means—

- 24
25 (A) information relating to an individual collected
26 in the course of the individual acting as a job
27 applicant to, or employee (regardless of whether
28 such employee is paid or unpaid, or employed on a
29 temporary basis), owner, director, officer, staff
30 member, trainee, vendor, visitor, volunteer, intern,
31 or contractor;
32
33 (B) business contact information of an individual,
34 including the individual’s name, position or title,
35 business telephone number, business address,
36 business email address, qualifications, and other
37 similar information that is provided by an individual
38 who is acting in a professional capacity, provided
39 that such information is collected, processed, or
40 transferred solely for purposes related to such
41 individuals’ professional activities; or
42
43 (C) emergency contact information collected by a
44 covered entity that relates to an individual who is
45 acting in a role described in subparagraph (A).
46

1 (8) PROCESSOR.—The term “processor” means a person
2 that processes data on behalf of a controller or another processor
3 according to and for the purposes set forth in the documented
4 instructions. If a person processes data on its own behalf or for its
5 own purposes then that person is not a processor with respect to
6 that data but is instead a controller. Determining whether a person
7 is acting as a controller or processor with respect to a specific
8 processing of data is a fact-based determination that depends upon
9 the controller’s documented instructions and the context in which
10 personal data is to be processed. A processor shall only remain a
11 processor to the extent that it continues to process data for the sole
12 purposes set forth in the documented instructions of the controller
13 and adheres to those instructions and the limitations in the
14 controller’s privacy policy as communicated to the processor with
15 respect to a specific processing of personal information.

16
17 (9) SENSITIVE PERSONAL INFORMATION.—

18
19 (A) The term “sensitive personal information”
20 means information relating to an identified or
21 identifiable individual that is—

22
23 (i) financial account numbers;

24
25 (ii) health information;

26
27 (iii) genetic data;

28
29 (iv) any information pertaining to children
30 under 13 years of age;

31
32 (v) Social Security numbers;

33
34 (vi) unique government-issued identifiers;

35
36 (vii) authentication credentials for a
37 financial account, such as a username and
38 password;

39
40 (viii) precise geolocation information;

41
42 (ix) content of a personal wire
43 communication, oral communication, or
44 electronic communication such as e-mail or
45 direct messaging with respect to any entity

- 1 that is not the intended recipient of the
2 communication;
3
- 4 (x) call detail records for calls conducted in
5 a personal and not a business capacity;
6
- 7 (xi) biometric information;
8
- 9 (xii) sexual orientation, gender identity, or
10 intersex status;
11
- 12 (xiii) citizenship or immigration status;
13
- 14 (xiv) mental or physical health diagnosis;
15
- 16 (xv) religious beliefs; or
17
- 18 (xvi) web browsing history, application
19 usage history, and the functional equivalent
20 of either that is data described in this
21 subparagraph that is not aggregated data.
22
- 23 (B) The term “sensitive personal information” does
24 not include—
25
- 26 (i) de-identified information (or the
27 measurement, analysis or process utilized to
28 transforming personal data so that it is not
29 directly relatable to an identified or
30 identifiable consumer);
31
- 32 (ii) information related to employment,
33 including any employee data;
34
- 35 (iii) personal information reflecting a written
36 or verbal communication or a transaction
37 between a controller and the user, where the
38 user is a natural person who is acting as an
39 employee, owner, director, officer, or
40 contractor of a company, partnership, sole
41 proprietorship, non-profit, or government
42 agency and whose communications or
43 transaction with the controller occur solely
44 within the context of the controller
45 conducting due diligence regarding, or
46 providing or receiving a product or service

1 to or from such company, partnership, sole
2 proprietorship, non-profit, or government
3 agency; or

4
5 (iv) publicly available information.
6

7 (10) STATE.—The term “State” means each State of the
8 United States, the District of Columbia, and each commonwealth,
9 territory, or possession of the United States.

10 (11) THIRD PARTY.—The term “third party” means an
11 individual or entity that uses or receives sensitive personal
12 information obtained by or on behalf of a controller, other than—
13

14 (A) a service provider of a controller to whom the
15 controller discloses the consumer’s sensitive
16 personal information for an operational purpose
17 subject to section 3(a)(1)(B) of this Act; and
18

19 (B) any entity that uses sensitive personal
20 information only as reasonably necessary—
21

22 (i) to comply with applicable law,
23 regulation, or legal process;

24
25 (ii) to enforce the terms of use of a
26 controller;

27
28 (iii) to detect, prevent, or mitigate fraud or
29 security vulnerabilities; or

30
31 (iv) does not determine the purposes and
32 means of processing sensitive personal
33 information.
34

35 (12) TRANSFER.—The term “transfer” means to disclose,
36 release, share, disseminate, make available, or license in writing,
37 electronically or by any other means, for consideration of any kind
38 for a commercial purpose.
39

40 **SEC. 8. RULES OF CONSTRUCTION.**

41
42 (a) FEDERAL ACQUISITION.—Nothing in this Act may be
43 construed to preclude the acquisition by the Federal Government
44 of—
45

46 (1) the contents of a wire or electronic communication
47 pursuant to other lawful authorities, including the authorities under

1 chapter 119 of title 18, United States Code (commonly known as
2 the “Wiretap Act”), the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance Act of
3 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.), or any other provision of Federal
4 law not specifically amended by this Act; or

5
6 (2) records or other information relating to a subscriber or
7 customer of any electronic communication service or remote
8 computing service (not including the content of such
9 communications) pursuant to the Foreign Intelligence Surveillance
10 Act of 1978 (50 U.S.C. 1801 et seq.), chapter 119 of title 18,
11 United States Code (commonly known as the “Wiretap Act”), or
12 any other provision of Federal law not specifically amended by this
13 Act.

14
15 (b) EFFECT ON OTHER LAWS.—Nothing in this Act shall be
16 construed to limit or substitute for the requirements under title V of
17 the Gramm-Leach-Bliley Act (15 U.S.C. 6801 et seq.), section
18 264(c) of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act
19 of 1996 (Public Law 104–191), section 444 of the General
20 Education Provisions Act (commonly known as the Family
21 Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974) (20 U.S.C. 1232g),
22 the Fair Credit Reporting Act (15 U.S.C. 1681 et seq.).

23
24 **SEC. 9. NATIONAL STANDARD.**

25
26 (a) RELATIONSHIP TO STATE LAW.—No State or political
27 subdivision of a State may adopt, maintain, enforce, or continue in
28 effect any law, regulation, rule, requirement, or standard related to
29 the data privacy or associated activities of covered entities.

30
31 (b) NONPREEMPTION.—Subsection (a) shall not be construed to—

32
33 (1) preempt State laws that directly establish requirements
34 for the notification of consumers in the event of a data
35 breach;

36
37 (2) preempt State laws that directly establish requirements
38 regarding biometric laws;

39
40 (3) preempt State laws regarding wiretapping laws; or

41
42 (4) preempt State laws like the Public Records Act.

43
44 **SEC. 10. EFFECTIVE DATE.**

45
46 This Act shall take effect 180 days after the date of the enactment
47 of this Act.

